

IPS test

Author: Aco Dmitrović

Hrvatski geološki institut – Croatian Geological Survey
Aco.Dmitrovic@hgi-cgs.hr

©GPL

Protective devices

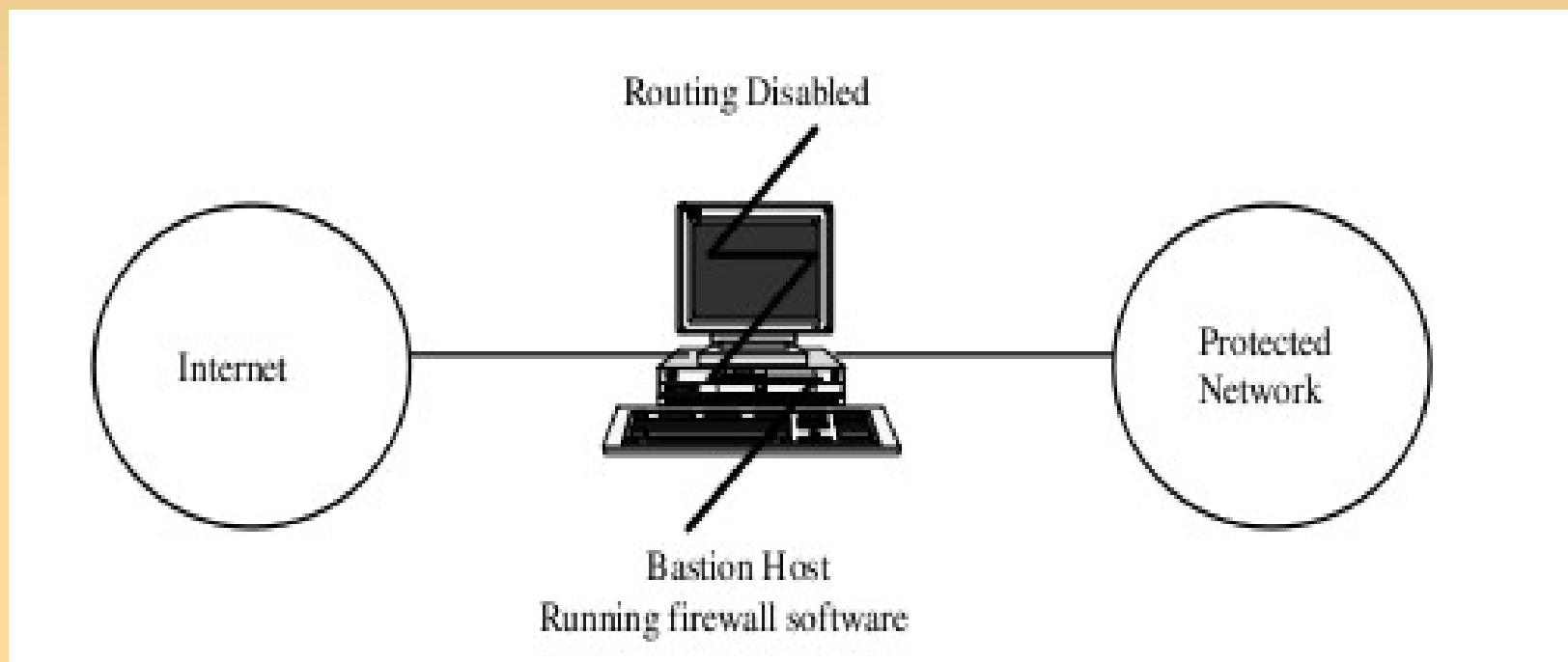
- Firewall
- IDS – Intrusion Detection System
- IPS – Intrusion Prevention System
- VPN – Virtual Private Network
- Mail gateway – AV & antispam filter
- Web filtering, Content filtering
- New buzzwords: UTM, Next generation firewall

History of firewalls

- Dual homed gateway
- Screened host gateway
- Screened subnet gateway

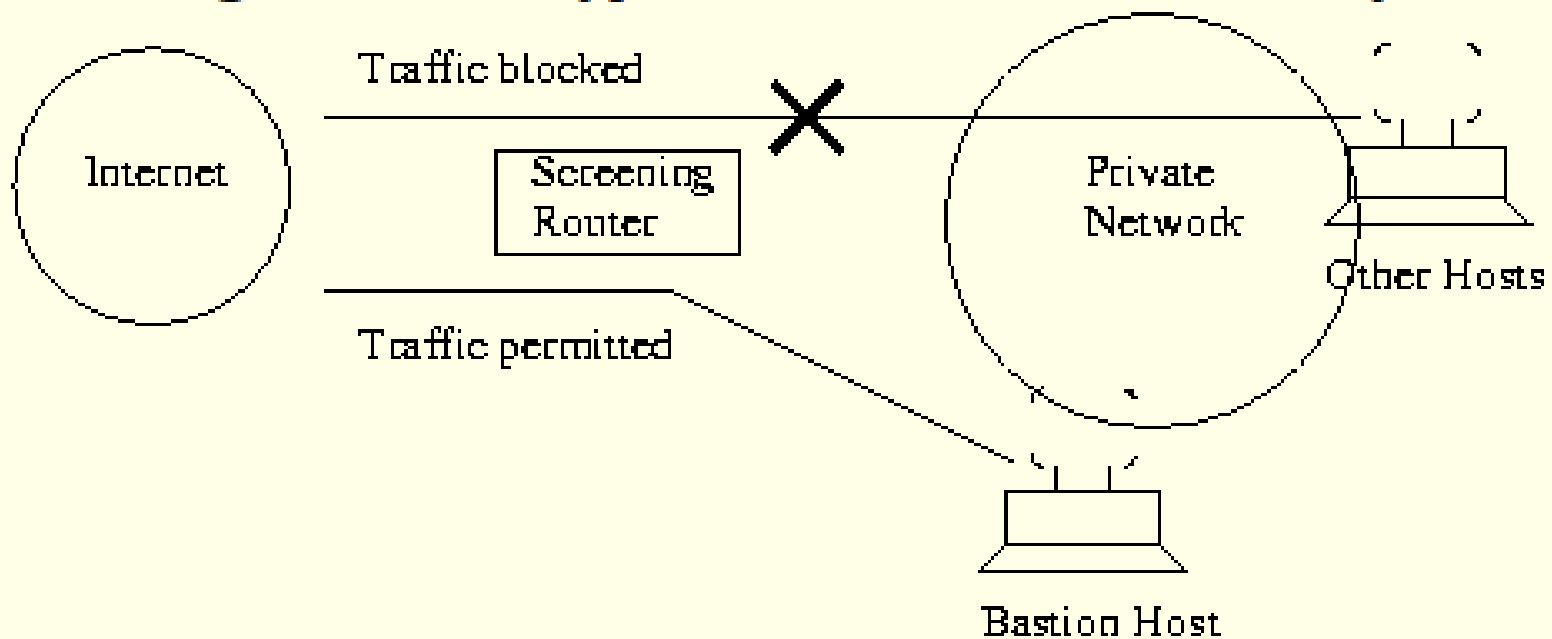
- Bastion host
 - Application forwarder
 - Traffic logger
 - Service provider

Dual-homed gateway



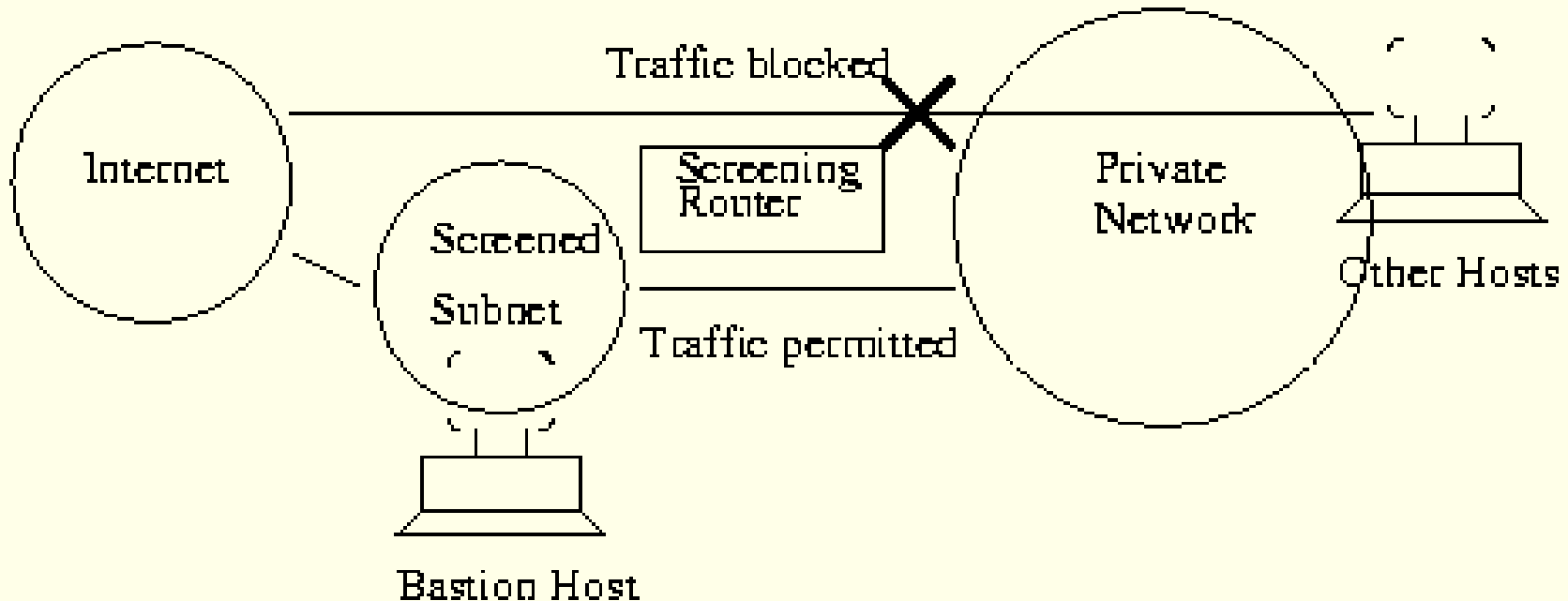
Screened Host Gateway

Figure 3.2: A typical Screened Host Gateway



Screened subnet

Figure 3.3: A typical Screened Subnet



IDS

- NIDS & HIDS
- Signature recognition
- Statistical anomalies
- SNORT – open source IDS
 - Martin Roesch, Source Fire
- Seminar: **Otkrivanje upada**, 2004.
 - IDS, not IPS, but you can activate automatic reply

Signature

- Header inspection
- Pattern-matching
 - Atomic – single packet
 - Stateful – stream
- Protocol based
- Heuristic – statistical analysis
- Searching for anomalies

Traffic

- Known "good traffic"
 - Trusted, allowed to pass
- Known "bad traffic"
 - Should be stopped before damage occurs
- "Ugly" traffic
 - Deep packet inspection before decision

Botnets

- 5000 – 6000 CnC (*Command & control sites*) daily on Internet
- They control army of robots, compromised computers
- Quickly replaced with new ones
- Communicate using IRC, IM, P2P, HTTP
 - Open ports on firewalls
- Dinamic algorithms for discovering CnC

Malware depots

- ~ 50.000 computers daily spread malware
 - *Sophos Security Threat report 2010*
 - Malicious web pages using vulnerabilities in browsers, flash players, PDF readers...
 - Compromised legitimate servers

Phishing

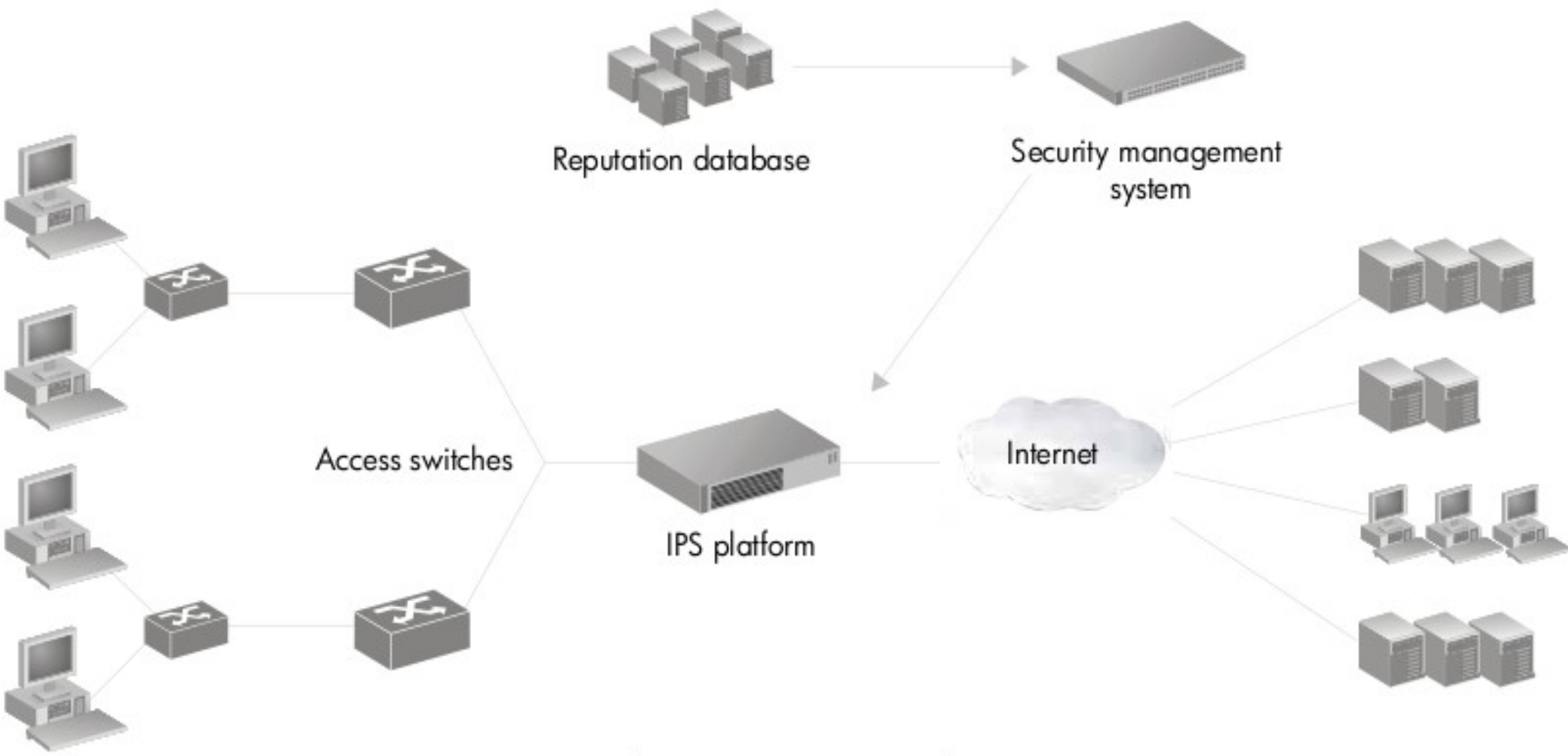
- 50.000 new phishing sites monthly
 - *Antiphishing workgroup, Trends report Q3-2009*
- Pages that look like legitimate site
- Steal usernames, passwords, accounts, personal data...

Compromised PC

- Millions of hacked computers daily
- Waiting in company networks, universities, homes
- Ruled by bot master using CnC
 - Spread malware
 - Attack other computers
 - Scan networks (*reconnaissance*)
 - DDoS
 - Send spam, phishing mails

Device reputation

- Dinamic database - adresses of computers with bad reputation
- Traffic analysis
- Network of IPS computers collect and share data



Block outbound traffic to prevent

- Botnet Trojan downloads
- Malware, spyware, and worm downloads
- Access to botnet CnC sites
- Access to phishing sites

Block inbound traffic to prevent

- Spam and phishing emails
- DDoS attacks from botnet hosts
- Web application attacks from botnet hosts

8 questions

- Is your IPS in-band?
- Does your IPS support max network and application availability?
- Deep inspection of traffic without slowing down network or applications?
- Does it protect perimeter and key points?
- Broad and deep attack coverage?
- How accurate is it?
- How timely and up to date is attack coverage?
- References

1. Is IPS in-band?

- Not on mirror port
- Real time analysis of traffic
- IDS – network device with security functionality
- High throughput and availability
- High safety
 - Many filters
 - Precise filters
 - Quick reaction to new attacks

2. Availability

- Redundant power supply
- In case of failure device should not block traffic

3. Deep inspection

- Without slowing down traffic
 - Throughput - from 10 Mb to 10 Gb
 - Latency
- Must work like switch with added functionality

4. Perimeter protection

- Not sufficient any more
- Protect all critical resources, in public or private network, as well as clients
- Attacks come from inside too
- IPS with multiple ports
 - Different filtering rules for DMZ, internal servers, user computers etc.

5. Wide and deep defense

- Blocking worms, viruses, DoS/DDoS, P2P, spyware, phishing, cross site scripting, SQL injection, PHP file include, VoIP...
- Vulnerable OS-es, applications...
- Dozens of exploits for one vulnerability
- Attackers study IPS, learn how to bypass it
- Virtual software patching

6. Accurate

- Does your IPS stops bad traffic, and lets good one pass?
- False positive
 - Blocking good traffic
- False negative
 - Passing bad traffic

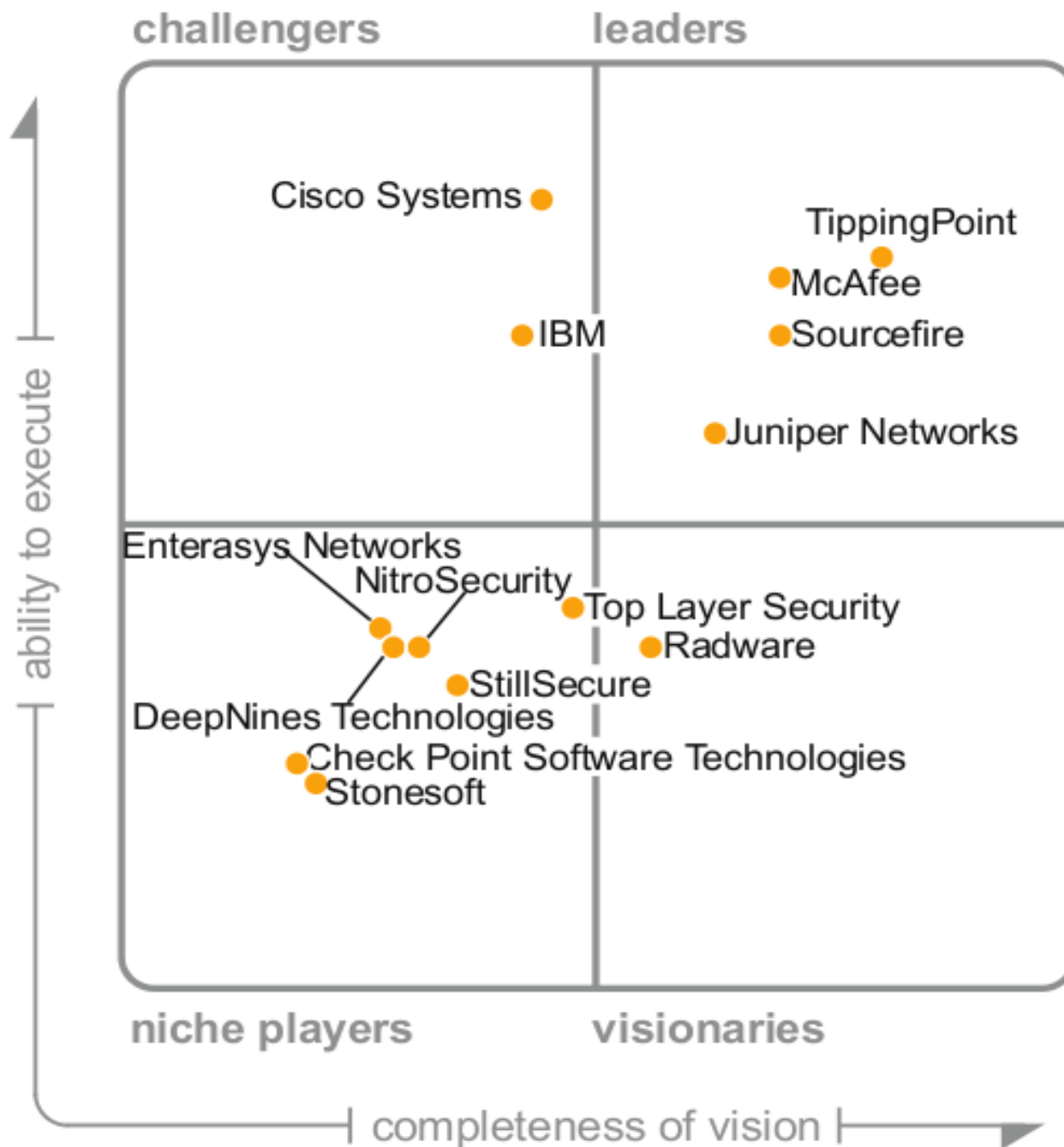
7. 0day

- Can IPS detect Zero day attacks?
- R&D with large team of experts?
 - DVLabs – delivers filters 52 days before Microsoft releases patches
 - ISS – discovers almost 50% of vulnerabilities
 - Half of them are never patched
 - Snort – large base of volunteers

8. References

- Ask for evidence
- Consult existing users
- Check number of active filters

Figure 1. Magic Quadrant for Network Intrusion Prevention System Appliances



Source: Gartner (April 2009)

As of 1H09

Tested IPS appliances

- IBM/ISS Proventia
 - MX 1004
- HP/Tipping Point
 - 210E
- SourceFire
 - 3D2500.



Test

- Devices tested in production, not in lab
 - Inline & mirror port
- NSS Labs - real lab tests
 - <http://www.nsslabs.com/research/network-security/network-ips/>

IBM/ISS Proventia

- Multifunctional device
 - NAT
 - AV (Sophos)
 - Web filtering
 - p0rn, erotics, violence...
 - Firewall
 - IPS
 - VPN
- Single device connects and protects remote office

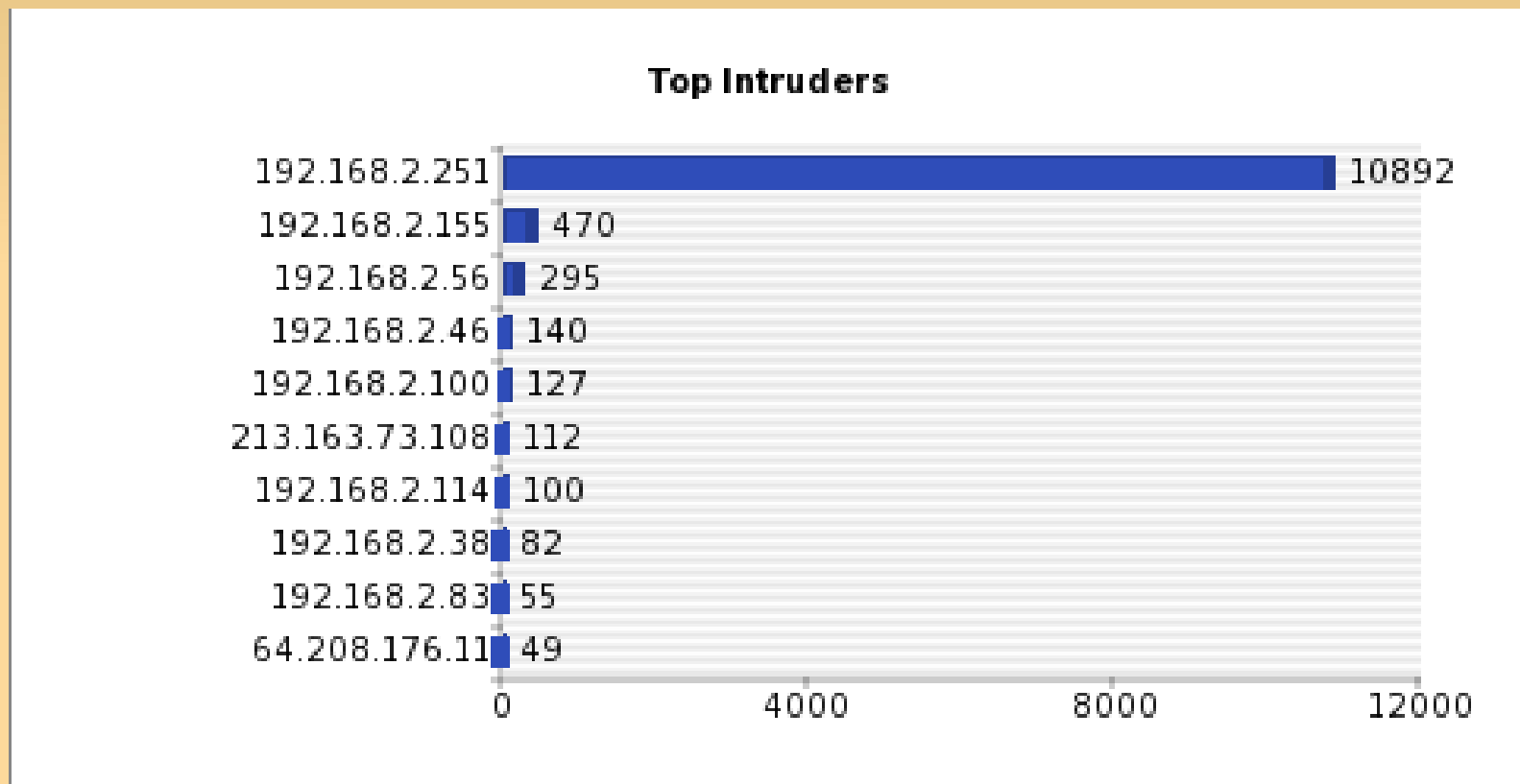
Hard start

- Default policy – everything is forbidden
- Add rules to allow standard services
- Admin must have a lots of knowledge and experience

Blocked NTP, IMAP

- Must read logs:
- Dec 15 07:15:50 isa.igi.local igateway: id=firewall time="2009-12-15 07:15:39" fw=Firewall pri=4 proto=17(udp) **src=192.168.2.17:123** **dst=88.159.82.127:123** mid=2076 mtp=10 msg="Access **Policy not found, dropping packet** from corp n/w" agent=Firewall
- Dec 15 10:09:48 isa.igi.local iss-ipm[962]: Packet dropped: Blocked TCP connection: time=1260868176, src-ip=192.168.2.251, dst-ip=161.53.85.3, ipprotocol=TCP(6), src-port=33349, **dst-port=143**

Dashboard



Drag & drop e-mail

```
Dec 15 10:10:52 isa.igi.local iss-ipm[962]:  
Event:issueid=2110082,name=IMAP_Tag_Overflow,  
type=attack,protocol=imap4,user-defined=false,  
count=1,priority=high,time=1260868180,blocked=true,  
ether-type=IP(0x0800),src-ip=192.168.2.251,  
dst-ip=161.53.85.3,intruder-ip=192.168.2.251,  
victim-ip=161.53.85.3,ip-protocol=TCP(6),  
src-port=50556,dst-port=143,intruder-port=50556,  
victim-port=143,event-info:tag=  
\xc2\xbf\xc3\x87\xc3\xbe\xc2\xb0.\xc7f\xc3\xb3^\xc3\x9f  
.\xc3\x9d\xc2\xa8\xc2\xbf*o.\xc2\xb3#\xc2\x93@\xc2\xa  
a\xc3\x81b.\xc2\xbd\xc3\x8b\xc3\x85\xc3\x9f\xc3\x9a.\xc  
c3\x9f~\xc2\x84\xc2\x86\xc3\x99\xc3\x8e\xc2\x81.T\xc2\  
x85\xc2\xaayw\xc2\x84\xc3\xa0}\xc3\xb1\xc7f\xc2\x8d\xc3  
\xb9b\xc2\xbd\xc3\xa0\xc2\xabp\xc3\x99&\xc2\xa9d\xc2\x  
ac\xc3\x97\xc2\xbdMs\xc2\x94\xc3\xba\xc3\xa8.\[...],  
len=108,binarycount=71,pam.imap4.tag.limit=100,  
coalescer-info=Forwarded due to age
```

- This signature detects an IMAP tag that exceeds `pam.imap4.tag.limit` (default 100) bytes in length.

Log

```
Dec 15 13:10:24 isa.igi.local iss-ipm[962]: Packet  
dropped: Invalid protocol: time=1260879011,src-  
ip=192.168.2.251,dst-ip=67.215.65.132,ip-  
protocol=TCP(6),src-port=59407,dst-port=5988
```

```
Dec 15 13:10:24 isa.igi.local iss-ipm[962]: Packet  
dropped: Invalid protocol: time=1260879011,src-  
ip=192.168.2.251,dst-ip=67.215.65.132,ip-  
protocol=TCP(6),src-port=37807,dst-port=7937
```

```
Dec 15 13:10:24 isa.igi.local iss-ipm[962]: Packet  
dropped: Invalid protocol: time=1260879011,src-  
ip=192.168.2.251,dst-ip=67.215.65.132,ip-  
protocol=TCP(6),src-port=40759,dst-port=125
```

HP/Tipping Point

- Simple configuration
- Plug&forget
- Works well with default configuration
- You can
 - Add rules, for instance to block P2P
 - Add exceptions
- Mature, polished product, user friendly
- HW designed for IPS functionality

Source Fire

- Built around Snort engine
- Dashboard
 - Easy configuration, reporting
- Additional modules
 - Network awareness
 - User awareness
- Adaptable IPS, hides unnecessary alerts
- Greatest number of filters, large community
- OS: Linux

Why IPS?

1. Information security

2. Audit

3. Regulatory compliance

- Personal data protection
 - Copyright protection
-
- The paper you have to sign before Source Fire gives you appliance for testing

Conclusion

- This is not a commercial presentation!
- Each tested appliance has value of its own
 - I would be happy with any of them!
- They all
 - Block much more traffic than traditional firewalls
 - Stop attacks from outside and inside
 - Show admin what is really going on in their network!
 - Force admin to stay alert and learn!
 - Show some degree of false positives & negatives
 - Miss particular events, at least some of them
 - Come with a price...